

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE
SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER
OF THE CORPORATION CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES

1. For the quarterly period ended: **March 31, 2016**
2. SEC Identification Number: **54106** 3. BIR Tax Identification No.: **200-751-430-000**
4. Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter:
LODESTAR INVESTMENT HOLDINGS CORPORATION
5. **Philippines** Province, Country or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization
6. (SEC Use Only)
Industry Classification Code:
7. **7th Floor Peaksun Bldg., 1505 Princeton St.,
Shaw Blvd., Mandaluyong City** Address of principal office
1555 Postal Code
8. **(632) 920-9306**
Issuer's telephone number, including area code
9. N/A
Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.
10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC, or Sec. 4 and 8 of the RSA
- | Title of Each Class | Number of Shares of Common Stock
Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| (Par value: P0.10) | |
| Common Shares (issued) | 740,000,000¹ |
| Common Shares (authorized) | 1,000,000,000 |
11. Are any or all of these securities listed on a Stock Exchange.
- Yes [/] No []
- If yes, state the name of such stock exchange and the classes of securities listed therein:
- Philippine Stock Exchange Common Shares** : **640,000,000**

¹ Number of issued and outstanding shares based on the records of the Stock and Transfer Agent.

12. Check whether the issuer:

(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the SRC and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Section 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports);

Yes [/] No []

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.

Yes [/] No []

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

See attached “Annex A”

The Company’s financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS).

This Financial Statements meeting the requirements of SRC Rule 68, is furnished as specified therein.

In this interim period:

- a) There is no known trend, event or uncertainty that has or is reasonably likely to have a negative impact on the Company’s short-term or long-term liquidity. The Company is not in default or breach of any note, loan, lease or other indebtedness or financing arrangement requiring the Company to make payments;
- b) There are no events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation;
- c) There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period;
- d) There are no material commitments for capital expenditures, the general purpose of such commitments and the expected sources of funds for such expenditures;
- e) There are no known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales/revenues/income from continuing operations;
- f) There are no significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Company’s continuing operations;
- h) No seasonal or cyclical factor that affected this quarter’s interim operations.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) or Plan of Operations

Plan of Operation

Part III, Paragraph (A) of Annex "C" of the Securities Regulation Code under Rule 12 states that the information under subparagraph (2) thereof is required for companies that are operational and had revenues from its operations. In this light, the foregoing information only tackles Part III, Paragraph (A) (1) of Annex "C", insofar as applicable.

Business

On January 3, 1974, Lodestar Mining Corporation (now Lodestar Investment Holdings Corporation) ("LIHC" or the Company") was incorporated in the Philippines and established primarily as a mining and natural resources exploration company. The Company was engaged in the development of several gold and chromite mining claims in Masbate, Cebu, Negros Occidental and Palawan.

In 1988, the Company filed an application for listing of its 30,000,000 common shares with the Philippine Stock Exchange ("PSE") formerly known as the Manila and Makati Stock Exchanges. On October 11, 1988, the SEC issued to the Company a Certificate of Permit to Offer Securities for Sale and rendered the Registration Statement to be effective. The Company was able to complete its initial public offering and the listing of the Company's shares was made effective on May 26, 1989.

In October 2003, the name and primary purpose of the Company were changed to reflect a change from a mining company to an investment holding company, among others. On September 23, 2003, the Board of Directors filed with the SEC the proposed amendments to the Company's Articles of Incorporation and By-laws. As an investment holding company, the Company will have flexibility in pursuing new business ventures that would enhance shareholder value over time.

On July 7, 2005, the Board of Directors approved the write-off of the aforementioned mining properties or claims in its financial statement as of June 30, 2005. The mining properties were reviewed as to impairment in accordance with SFAS 36/IAS 36: Impairment of Assets.

The Board of Directors, during its special meeting held on October 28, 2008, approved the private placement offering of 12,694,000 LIHC shares at the price of ₱ 2.50 per share. On 12 December 2008, the stockholders of the Company likewise approved the capital increase of the Company from ₱50,000,000.00 divided into 50,000,000 shares at ₱1.00 per share to ₱100,000,000.00 divided into 100,000,000 shares at ₱1.00 per share. In line with this application for capital increase, the Board of Directors of the Company, during its special meeting held on 13 March 2009, approved the private placement offering of 14,000,000 shares at the price of ₱1.20 per share. Said private placement funded the increase in authorized capital stock.

On September 26, 2008, the Board of Directors authorized the Company to enter into a Heads of Agreement with Abacus Consolidated Resources and Holdings, Inc. ("ABACON") and Musx Corporation ("Musx") for the joint acquisition by the Company and Musx of all the outstanding and issued shares of Abacus Coal Exploration and Development Corporation ("ABACOAL") with a sharing arrangement of fifty five percent (55%) for Musix and forty five (45%) for the Company. The Company and Musx have likewise entered into an Agreement for Joint Investment whereby the investment parameters for such investment into ABACOAL were set forth.

On May 21, 2009, the Company executed an Amendment to the Agreement for Joint Investment with Musx Corporation. The amendment primarily consists in the assignment to the Company of Musx's fifty five percent (55%) interest in ABACOAL subject to the terms and conditions provided in the said agreement. As a result, the Company acquired the right to purchase one hundred percent (100%) of the shares of stock of ABACOAL which necessitated a bigger capital expenditure on the part of the Company.

On May 31, 2009, the Company executed a Memorandum of Agreement with Oriental Vision Mining Corporation ("Oriental") to undertake exploration and development activities of the coal properties of ABACOAL Under the agreement, Oriental shall develop and operate the Coal Property and pay the Company a royalty fee of Eight Percent (8%) of gross coal price per ton based on FOB loaded to vessel.

On July 21, 2015, the Company entered into Cancellation of the Heads of Agreement, Amended Heads of Agreement and Allied Contracts with Abacus Consolidated Resources Holdings, Inc. (ABACORE) and Abacus Coal Exploration and Development Corporation (ABACOAL). The cancellation was necessitated by the fact that the Merger with ABACOAL was not approved by LIHC shareholders for lack of quorum during the Annual Shareholder's Meeting called for the last three (3) years.

The Company thus, no longer has any contractual interest over ABACOAL as a result of the cancellation of other Heads of Agreement and its allied contracts.

Business Plan:

Still in line with the primary purpose of the Company as a holdings corporation, business outlook for 2016 is geared towards looking for other business ventures. Thus, the Company may again tap into various sources to look for opportunities in the various business sectors that are viable, growing and profitable. The Company's strategy will be to invest-buy-in or acquire businesses where the Company will at least own a significant stake or interest of the investee Company's outstanding capital. The said investment amount will allow the Company to recognize its proportionate share of the equitized earnings from its investee companies.

Within the next nine (9) months, subject to SEC approval, the Company will implement the increase in its authorized Capital. This capital raising plan is intended to provide the Company investable funds and working capital for prospective projects. Specifics of such deals, if any, will be properly disclosed in accordance with the continuing disclosure requirements of the SEC and the PSE.

Likewise, for the next nine (9) months, the Company's cash requirements will be satisfied from the proceeds/collection of Advances from stockholders.

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the Interim Period Ended March 31, 2016 as compared with March 31, 2015:

Revenues

The Company did not earn any revenue during the three-month period ended March 31, 2016 as it has not undertaken commercial operations.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses decreased by ₱43.41 thousand or 9.76% from ₱ 444.56 thousand in March 2014 to ₱401.15 thousand in March 2015 due to nil salaries and benefits expense incurred during the current year.

Net Loss

After deducting interest income from regular savings account, the Company posted a net loss of ₱384.75 thousand for the period ended March 2016 which is 13.42% or ₱59.63 thousand lower as compared to net loss of ₱444.38 thousand for the same period in 2015.

Financial Condition

The Company's Total Assets comprising of Current Assets amount to ₱22.18 million which is 1.68% or ₱0.38 million lower than that of March 31, 2015 balance amounting to ₱22.56 million. Total Assets on March 31, 2016 is comprised of ₱12.70 Million Cash, ₱ 1.86 million advances to a stockholder and ₱7.62 million Other Current Asset.

The Company's Total Liabilities were comprised of accounts payable and accrued expenses. The Total Liabilities increased by ₱ 5.61 thousand or 0.36% from ₱1.548 million in March 2015 to ₱1.554 million in March 2015.

Stockholders' equity posted a 1.83 % or ₱ 0.39 million decrease from ₱21.01 million in March 2015 to ₱20.62million in March 2016.

Material Changes to the Company's pro-forma Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2016 as compared with pro-forma Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2015 (increase/decrease of 5 % or more)

5484.34 % or ₱ 12.47 Million increase in Cash and cash equivalents from ₱ 0.23 million in March 2015 to ₱ 12.70 million in March 2015. The significant increase is due to down payment on the cancellation of ABACORE investment.

13.91% or ₱ 0.3 million decrease in Advances to a stockholder due to partial payment of advances.

87.73% or ₱ 3.56 million increase in other current assets from ₱ 4.06 million in March 2015 to ₱7.62 million in March 2015. The increase is brought about by receivables from cancellation of agreement of ABACORE.

94.10% or ₱ 753.41 thousand increase in liabilities from ₱ 800.68 thousand in March 2015 to ₱1.55 million in March 2016 due to accrual of expenses.

100% or ₱ 3.05 thousand decrease in advances from third parties due to reversal of payable to other income.

22.45% or ₱ 22.02.2 million increase in deficit due to losses incurred during the period.

Key Performance Indicators

Considering the Company's non-operational status, the key performance indicators of the Company are as follows:

	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Current Ratio (1)	14.27x	8.02x
Quick Ratio (2)	8.17x	0.28 x
Debt-equity ratio (3)	0.075x	0.019x
Book value per share (4)	0.03x	0.06x
Net Profit Margin (5)	NA	NA

(1) Current Assets / Current Liabilities

March 2016 (₱ 22,178,961/ ₱ 1,554,087)

March 2015 (₱ 6,445,490/ ₱ 803,725)

(2) Cash / Current Liabilities

March 2016 (₱ 12,698,125/ ₱ 1,554,087)

March 2015 (₱ 227,388/ ₱ 803,725)

(3) Debt / Equity

March 2016 (₱1,554,087/ ₱20,624,875)

March 2015 (₱ 803,725/ ₱42,644,572)

(4) Equity /Subscribed Shares

March 2016 (₱20,624,875/740,000,000)

March 2015 (₱42,644,572/740,000,000)

The Current Ratio is the general measure of a company's liquidity. It represents the ratio of all current assets to all current liabilities. It is sometimes called the "Working Capital Ratio" because working capital is the excess of current assets over current liabilities. Current ratio is lower than the same period last year due to higher unpaid liabilities.

The Quick Ratio is another measure of a company's liquidity. It is used to measure a company's ability to pay its liabilities using assets that are cash or very liquid. Since the Company does not have any marketable securities and accounts receivables, the computation of this ratio was based on cash alone. Quick ratio for the current period is lower as compared to the same period of last year due to higher unpaid payables.

The Debt to Equity Ratio is a measure of leverage, or the relative amount of funds provided by lenders and owners. This measures the amount of debt being used by the Company. The ratio for the current period is higher as compared with that of last year due to higher liabilities.

Book value Per Share is a measure of stockholders' equity. It represents the difference between total assets and total liabilities divided by the total number of shares outstanding.

Net Profit Margin Ratio related to the profits of a company to its sales, assets or equity. It indicates the rate of profit from sales and other revenues. The Company is still in a no-operation status. The reported revenues are purely interests earned from bank deposits.

Additional Financial Soundness Indicators

	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Asset to equity ratio (1)	1.08x	1.02x
Interest Rate coverage ratio (2)	NA	NA
Gross Profit Margin (3)	NA	NA

(1) *Total Assets / Total Equity*

March 2016 (₱ 22,178,961/ ₱20,624,875)

March 2015 (₱ 43,448,297/ ₱ 42,644,572)

(2) *Income before Interest and Taxes / Interest Expense*

March 2016

March 2015

(3) *Gross Profit / Sales*

March 2016

March 2015

Asset to Equity ratio measures the financial leverage and long term solvency of the Company. It is derived by dividing the total asset from its total equity.

Interest Coverage Ratio determines how easily a company can pay interest on outstanding debt. The Company did not incur any interest on its advances.

Gross Profit Margin is derived by dividing gross profit by the sales. The Company is still in a no-operation status. The reported revenues are purely interests earned from bank deposits.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

There are no contingent liabilities or contingent assets or known trend and events that may materially affect the company's operation nor are there estimates of amounts reported in prior periods that may have a material effect on the attached financial statements.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 17 of the Code and Section 141 of the Corporation Code, this report is signed on behalf of the issuer by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in mandaluyog city on May 12, 2016.

By:


CHIHO CO
President


DELFIN S. CASTRO, JR.
Treasurer

LODESTAR INVESTMENT HOLDINGS CORPORATION
STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

" ANNEX A "

	Notes	Unaudited March 31, 2016	Audited Dec 31, 2015
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		P 12,698,125	P 13,107,516
Advances to a stockholder	2	1,857,076	1,857,076
Other current assets		7,623,761	7,593,292
Total Current Assets		22,178,961	22,557,884
Non - current assets			
Property and Equipment (net)		-	218
Total Non-Current Assets		-	218
		P 22,178,961	P 22,558,102
LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	3	P 1,554,087	P 1,548,480
Total Liabilities		1,554,087	1,548,480
Stocholder's Equity			
Capital Stock - P0.10 par value	4	74,000,000	74,000,000
Additional Paid-In Capital	4	66,714,858	66,714,858
Deficit		(120,089,983)	(119,705,236)
Total Stockholders' Equity		20,624,875	21,009,622
		P 22,178,961	P 22,558,102
		-	-

LODESTAR INVESTMENT HOLDINGS CORPORATION
 STATEMENTS OF INCOME
 (Unaudited)

	January 1 to March 31, 2016 (Three Months)	January 1 to March 31, 2015 (Three Months)
REVENUES	P	P
EXPENSES	401,154	444,559
<hr/>		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER LOSSES	(401,154)	(444,559)
INTEREST INCOME	16,405	184
<hr/>		
NET INCOME (LOSS)	P (384,749)	(444,375)
<hr/>		
WEIGHTED AVE. NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES	740,000,000	740,000,000
Loss Per Share	(0.001)	(0.001)

Note: No dividends declared during the period

LODESTAR INVESTMENT HOLDINGS CORPORATION
 STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

		Unaudited March 31, 2016		Audited Dec. 31, 2015		Unaudited March 31, 2015		Audited Dec. 31, 2014
CAPITAL STOCK - P 0.10 par value								
Beginning Balance	P	74,000,000	P	74,000,000	P	74,000,000	P	74,000,000
Subscribed				-		-		
Balance at end of period	P	74,000,000	P	74,000,000	P	74,000,000	P	74,000,000
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL								
Beginning Balance	P	66,714,858	P	66,714,858	P	66,714,858	P	66,714,858
Subscribed		-		-		-		-
Balance at end of period	P	66,714,858	P	66,714,858	P	66,714,858	P	66,714,858
DEFICIT								
Beginning Balance	P	(119,705,235)	P	(97,625,911)	P	(97,625,911)	P	(95,666,537)
Net Income (loss)		(384,749)		(22,079,325)		(444,375)		(1,959,374)
Balance at end of period	P	(120,089,983)	P	(119,705,236)	P	(98,070,286)	P	(97,625,911)
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY, END	P	20,624,875	P	21,009,622	P	42,644,572	P	43,088,947

LODESTAR INVESTMENT HOLDINGS CORPORATION
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

	Jan 1 to March 31, 2016 (Three Months)	Jan 1 to March 31, 2015 (Three Months)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income (loss) before income tax	P (384,749)	P (444,375)
Adjustment for:		
Realized FV loss on AFS		
Depreciation	218	863
Interest Income	(16,405)	(184)
Net loss before working capital changes	(400,936)	(443,696)
Adjustment to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Decrease (increase) in :		
Other current assets	(30,469)	(30,361)
Increase (decrease) in :		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	5,608	17,507
Net cash provided by operating activities	(425,796)	(456,550)
Interest Received	16,405	184
Net cash from operating activities	(409,392)	(456,366)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net proceeds from sale and purchase of available-for-sale financial assets	-	-
Additional deposit for acquisition of 100% shares of Abacoal	-	-
Disposals (acquisitions) of property and equipment	-	-
Net cash used in investing activities	-	-
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Advances from other parties		
Advances from stockholders	-	300,000
Receipts of payment of subscription to capital stocks		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	-	300,000
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(409,392)	(156,366)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	13,107,516	383,754
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	P 12,698,125	P 227,388

LODESTAR INVESTMENT HOLDINGS CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards. The company has followed the same accounting policies and methods of computation used with the most recent annual financial statement. No new accounting policy has been adopted for this interim report.

2. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In 2012, the Company grants non-interest bearing advances to a stockholder for working capital purposes. The advances to the stockholder are unsecured and are due and demandable anytime. These advances are generally settled in cash.

As at March 31, 2016, based on management's assessment, the outstanding balance of the Company's advances to a stockholder amounting to Php 1,857,076 is not impaired, hence, no impairment loss is recognized.

3. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

This account consists of accrued expenses which represent expenses continuously incurred for maintaining the operational and listing status with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE). This is composed of legal fees, stock transfer agent fees and withholding taxes.

4. CAPITAL STOCK

To address the Company's liquidity shortfalls and raise the needed fund for investment into Abacoal, the Company increased its authorized capital stock from Fifty Million Pesos (₱50,000,000.00) divided into Fifty Million (50,000,000) shares to One Hundred Million Pesos (₱100,000,000.00) divided into One Hundred Million (100,000,000) shares, both with a par value of One Peso (₱1.00) per share. The capital increase was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission on 30 July 2009. To fund the capital increase, the Company entered into private placement transactions with several investors at the price of ₱1.20 per share. Full payment was made to the Company during the first quarter of 2010. Said shares were approved by the Philippine Stock Exchange for listing on July 14, 2010.

On November 6, 2009, the Company entered into another set of investment agreements with various investors wherein the investors agreed to subscribe by way of private placement to 10 million common shares of stock to be issued out of the unissued and unsubscribed portion of the authorized capital stock of the Company. The shares were subscribed at a price of ₱5.05 per share or for a total of ₱50.5 million, of which 25% or ₱12.6 million has already been paid. The transaction was approved by the BOD on September 14, 2009. The balance of 75% of the gross investment amount was paid in March 2011. Listing application for such shares is currently pending with the PSE.

On Sept. 14, 2010, SEC approved the reduction in the par value of the shares of stock from One Peso (₱1.00) to Ten Centavos (₱0.10). The authorized capital stock of the Corporation shall be One Hundred Million Pesos (₱100,000,000.00) divided into One Billion (1,000,000,000) common shares with par value of Ten Centavos (₱0.10) per share. Also on

the same date, the SEC approved the Amended By-laws providing for the creation, powers and functions of the Nomination, Remuneration, Audit, Executive and Finance Committees of the Company.

Per the records of the Corporation, on 24 September 2010, as a result of the approval of the reduction in the par value of the shares of the Company from One Peso (₱ 1.00) per share to Ten Centavos (₱ 0.10) per share, the Philippine Stock Exchange implemented the reduction in the par value and stock split of Lodestar shares. After the reduction in the par value of the shares from One Peso (₱ 1.00) to Ten Centavos (₱0.10) the number and price of shares have been adjusted by multiplying the number of shares by ten (number of shares x 10) and inversely, dividing the price by ten (price/10). Resulting adjustments in the amount of shares and values of consideration were accordingly reflected in the books of the Corporation, insofar as all issued and outstanding shares are concerned, including the private placement shares.

On 11 December 2015, during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting of the Company, the shareholders confirmed, ratified and re-adopted the 2009 Stockholders' approval of the increase in the authorized capital stock of LIHC. Said resolution was passed during the 17 December 2009 Annual Meeting wherein shareholders, holding at least 2/3 majority of the outstanding capital stock, voted in favor of the capital increase one hundred million pesos (₱100,000,000.00) divided into one hundred million (100,000,000) shares at a par value of one Peso (₱1.00) per share to three hundred million Pesos (₱300,000,000.00) divided into three billion (3,000,000,000) shares at the reduced par value of Ten centavos (₱.10) per share without stockholders' pre-emptive right.

5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company is exposed to a variety of financial risks which resulted from its investing and operating activities. The Company's risk management is coordinated in close cooperation with the BOD, and focuses on actively securing the Company's short-to-medium-term cash flows by minimizing the exposure to financial markets.

The Company does not actively engage in the trading of financial assets for speculative purposes nor does it write options. The Company has no significant exposure to foreign currency risk since it has no financial assets and financial liabilities that are denominated in foreign currency. The most significant financial risks to which the Company is exposed to are described below and in the succeeding page.

5.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party fails to discharge an obligation to the Company. The Company is exposed to this risk for its financial assets.

The maximum credit risk exposure of financial assets is the carrying amount of the financial assets as shown in the statements of financial position or in the detailed analysis provided in the notes to the financial statements, as summarized below.

	<u>March 31, 2016</u>	<u>Dec. 31, 2015</u>
Cash	₱ 12,698,125	₱ 13,107,516
Advances to a stockholder	1,857,076	1,857,076
Receivable from a third party	3,500,000	3,500,000

Advances to contractor	<u>1,108,560</u>	<u>1,108,560</u>
	<u>₱ 19,163,761</u>	<u>₱ 19,573,152</u>

The above represent the carrying amounts of financial assets of the Company categorized as loans and receivables. None of the Company's financial assets are secured by collateral or other credit enhancements, except for cash.

(a) Cash

The credit risk for cash is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings. Included in the cash are cash in banks which are insured by the Philippine Deposit Insurance Corporation (PDIC) up to a maximum coverage of ₱0.5 million for every depositor per banking institution. The amount of cash on hand excluded from this insurance to PDIC amounted to ₱4,000 in both period.

(b) Advances to a Stockholder

The credit risk for advances to a stockholder is considered negligible, since the counterparty is a related party. No impairment loss has been recorded in relation to advances to a stockholder as management had assessed that this is fully collectible.

(c) Receivable from a Third Party and Advances to Contractor

The credit risk for receivable from a third party and advances to contractor is considered negligible since the parties are bound to one another. No impairment loss has been recorded in relation to these items as management had assessed that these are fully collectible. The advances to contractor was identified to be a financial asset only in 2015.

5.2 Liquidity Risk

The Company manages its liquidity needs by obtaining additional advances from stockholders.

As at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company's financial liabilities amounting to ₱ 1,554,024 and ₱1,466,704, respectively, have contractual maturities of less than twelve months..

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Comparison of Carrying Amounts and Fair Values

The carrying amounts and fair values of the categories of the Company's financial assets and liabilities presented in the statements of financial position are shown below.

	March 31, 2016		December 31, 2015	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial Assets				
Loans and receivables:				
Cash and cash equivalents	₱12,698,125	₱12,698,125	₱13,107,516	₱13,107,516
Advances to a stockholder	1,857,076	1,857,076	1,857,076	1,857,076
Receivable from a third party	3,500,000	3,500,000	3,500,000	3,500,000
Advances to supplier	1,108,560	1,108,560	1,108,560	1,108,560
	<u>₱19,163,761</u>	<u>₱19,163,761</u>	<u>₱19,573,152</u>	<u>₱19,573,152</u>

	March 31, 2016		December 31, 2015	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial Liabilities				
Other financial liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (*)	₱1,554,024	₱1,554,024	₱1,466,704	₱1,466,704
	₱1,554,024	₱1,554,024	₱1,466,704	₱1,466,704

(*) Net of taxes

Fair Value Hierarchy

In accordance with PFRS 13, the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities and non-financial assets which are measured at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis and those assets and liabilities not measured at fair value but for which fair value is disclosed in accordance with other relevant PFRS, are categorized into three levels based on the significance of inputs used to measure the fair value. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels.

- (a) Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that an entity can access at the measurement date;
- (b) Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liabilities, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and,
- (c) Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The level within which the financial asset or liability is classified is determined based on the lowest level of significant input to the fair value measurement.

For purposes of determining the market value at Level 1, a market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

There were no outstanding financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

7. OTHERS

- a. These financial reports are prepared in compliance with the quarterly reportorial requirements of the SEC.
- b. There were no material transactions affecting assets, liabilities, equity, net income or cash flows that are unusual because of their nature, size, or incidents.
- c. There was no subsequent material events not reflected in this interim financial statement.
- d. There were no material contingencies and any other events or transactions that are material to the understanding of the interim report.